MEMO ENDORSED ORDER, 17 CIV. 0703 (PKC) (AJP)

Request denied. The question is not the value of your teaching about "cosmology." That is not the issue in this lawsuit— the issue in the lawsuit is whether Columbia's denial of your offer to teach such a course, or how they rejected you, violates your federal constitutional or statutory rights. If not, then this case does not belong in federal court. That is the argument advanced in defense counsel's letter and will be raided and decided in the motion to dismiss for which the Court has set a schedule. (That motion will be decided by Judge Castel, unless all parties consent to the case being before me for all purposes pursuant to 28 USC section 636<sup>©</sup> (copies of the consent form and instructions are on the Court's website under my rules.) Thus, since information about cosmology is not relevant to this cases, particularly at this time, the Court denies your request for a hearing or your alternative course proposal.

Dated: New York, New York

February 23, 2017

COPY ECF: All Parties & Counsel

Judge Castel

SO ORDERED

Hon. Andrew Jay United States y

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From: David Roemer

February 23, 2017 500 Pearl Street New York, New York 10007

MEMO ENDORSED2/23/17
-ATTACHO

David Roemer 345 Webster Ave., Apt. 4-0 Brooklyn, NY 11230

Dear Judge Peck,
I am the plaintiff in 17-cv-000703-PKC-AJP. In a letter to Judge Castel dated 2/18/17, I advised the court of my intention to file a motion for a hearing. My desire is to give the court the same developmental lesson on the cosmological argument for God's existence that the New York State Unified Court System through the actions of the defendants is unlawfully preventing me from giving the students and faculty of Columbia U. If the students at Columbia could learn about the cosmological argument by consulting the philosophy professors at Columbia or reading the entry "Cosmological Argument" in the Stanford Encyclopedia of Philosophy, my lecture/lesson has little social value. This would make my lawsuit frivolous, as Mr. Schelling said in his letter to Judge Castel.

However, it occurred to me that there is another way the court can determine the social value of my lesson/lecture. In a lesson, I would ask the students to attempt to answer the 28 questions in the handout without my help. I would then give the students as much help and assistance they needed to understand the questions and the correct answers.

My new idea is to consider the 28 questions to be an interrogatory and part of the discovery process. In my motion, I'll be asking the court to make the defendants answer the 28 questions preferably with the help of a Columbia philosophy professor. I'm including in this fax the proposed interrogatory.

I have pending before this court a motion to allow me to file my papers electronically. I'd appreciate a quick decision on this motion.

/s David Roemer, pro se 345 Webster Ave., Apt. 4-O, Brooklyn, NY 11230 david@dkroemer.com 347-414-2285 Faxed to Judge Andrew J. Peck (212-805-7933), Attorney Grievance Committee (212-287-1045), and Andrew Schilling (212-600-2405)

What is a Developmental Lesson?	
opportunity to create their own knowle	to learn. Students learn best if they are given an dge by answering questions and discussing the aim of the used as a handout in a lesson explaining the arguments for
1. The human mind is structured like the scientific method. At the lowest level is making observations. The next level is asking questions about the observations and inventing answers or theories. The third level is gathering evidence and deciding whether a theory is true or just probable. The fourth level is deciding what to do with our bodies. Making observations requires paying attention. What do the other three levels require?	
natural processes transferring the imag supernatural means. Of the third, not me all rational discourse must perforce cea summary, they can be ruled out definite	ities for the image formation: by human artifice, through the to the linen from a real crucified corpse, or by such can be said, because then all scientific discussion and seBut a lot can be said about natural processes. In terse by by the quality and beauty of the shroud image. (Mueller, braisal," The Skeptical Inquirer, Spring 1982, p. 27)
3. What Is an observation that leads to the evolution)?	theory of common descent with modifications (theory of
The history of life presents three great s between organism and environment. The living forms today and the enormous co- explains adaptation. But what explains of	g about natural selection and common descent? cources of wonder. One is adaptation, the marvelous fit e other two are diversity and complexity, the huge variety of mplexity of their internal structure. Natural selection diversity and complexity? (Daniel McShae and Michael y for Diversity and Complexity to Increase in Evolutionary

They [Pinker and Bloom] phad been saying for decade hard to imagine not merely and Bloom, complexity is a composed of many special with the others. It includes could have evolvedAr natural selection—the lines Over the eons, those small	quote and the quote in question #4? cularly emphasized that language is incredibly complex, as Chomsky indeed, it was the enormous complexity of language that made is with had evolved but that it had evolved at allBut, continued Pinker a problem for evolution. Consider the eye. The little organ is a parts, each delicately calibrated to perform its role in conjunction cornea,Even Darwin said that it was hard to imagine how the eye et, he explained, it did evolve, and the only possible way is through able back-and-forth of random genetic mutation with small effects inges accreted and eventually resulted in the eye as we know it.
million decades. Rational pe	ne theory that whales evolved from bacteria over a period of about 100 judge this theory to be true. This raises the question of what caused life to other words, what was the mechanism for evolution? Why is the theory gner irrational?
7. What are the observations	t lead to our knowledge of God's existence?
8. What are the questions the person to ask?	e observations in your answer to question #7 should cause an intelligent
	POTENTIAL TO THE PROPERTY OF T
Among the traditional cand physical world, I believe th	rom an atheist about the mind-body problem: tes for comprehensive understanding of the relation of mind to the eight of evidence favors some from of neutral monism over the rialism, idealism, and dualism. (Thomas Nagel, Mind and Cosmos: Why
	enception of Nature Is Almost Certainly False, location 69 of 1831)

	nt from one another and at the same time equal to one another?
6. What is a human being?	The state of the s
7. Bishop George Berkeley (1685 to	o 1753) was sitting on a rock and contemplating the universe. He
Why did God create the rock? Berkle But God has infinite power, so God co	ted him. Berkeley then realized that the rock did not know it existed by figured God created the rock so Berkeley would have a place to solve just as easily create the illusion that the rock exists in Berkeley by that the material world is an illusion is called <i>idealism</i> . Why is
dealism wrong?	y management world is all inusion is called idealism. VVny is
8. What is the significance for the arg	guments for God's existence of the fact that other human beings
9. What is a final cause?	
9. What is a final cause?	
9. What is a final cause?  O. What is causality in physics?  1. What is causality in metaphysics?	